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Buildings and Premises—Sanitary Regulation. (Reg. Bd. of H., Feb. 26, 1915.)

RULE 6. No dwelling or any part thereto within the city shall be used for the sale, storage, sorting, or handling of rags, without a written permit from the board of health.

RULE 7. No putrid, decayed, or decaying animal or vegetable matter shall be allowed to remain in cellars or outbuildings. No fish, slaughterhouse offal or other decaying and offensive animal or vegetable matter shall be left or permitted to remain upon the land for purposes of fertilization without being plowed in or otherwise being rendered inoffensive.

RULE 8. Every owner or occupant of every building in this city shall keep such building and the yard belonging thereto free from all filth and substances liable to produce offensive odors.

RULE 9. No owner or occupant of land abutting upon a private passageway, or having the right to use such passageway, shall suffer any filth or waste or stagnant water to remain on such passageway.

RULE 10. The owner or lessee of any building within the limits of the city shall, when in the opinion of the board of health, or its duly authorized agent, it is deemed necessary, whitewash, paint, or otherwise clean and make wholesome the walls, ceiling, and passageways of the above buildings.

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RULE 12. Whenevor the board of health is satisfied on due examination that a cellar, tenement, or building within the city, occupied as a dwelling house, has become by reason of the number of occupants, want of cleanliness, or other cause, unfit for such purpose, the occupants shall correct the specified unsanitary condition or remove therefrom within 48 hours after written notice has been given them. The board of health may conspicuously post in any room a card stating the number of adults or children who may sleep within it at one time. This card shall not be removed without the permission of said board. No room shall be used for sleeping purposes unless it contains 400 cubic feet of air space for each adult sleeping therein or 300 cubic feet of air space for each child under 12 years of age.

RULE 13. No rags, old paper, or other refuso material collected from dumping grounds, streets, or recovered from any source shall be brought into or allowed to remain within any building used as a dwelling.

RULE 14. No person shall remove from a public dump matter of any sort without permission from the board of health.

RULE 15. No person shall store or keep or allow to be stored or kept in any living room in the house of which he is the owner or occupant any fruit for merchandise.

Garbage, Refuse, and Manure—Care and Disposal—Dumps. (Reg. Bd. of H., Feb. 26, 1915.)

RULE 11. Every house shall be provided by its owners or occupant with a suitable water-tight covered receptacle to keep garbage and swill until the same is removied by the licensed scavengers. This receptacle shall be kept covered at all times except when depositing or removing the garbage. It shall be kept where it shall be convenient of access upon the ground floor.

No person shall deposit in the garbage to be taken by the authorized scavengers any tin cans, water (dish water not excepted), ashes, glass, sweepings, oyster and clam shells, sawdust, cork dust, old boots or shocs, lawn clippings, nor any poisonous substances. Any garbage containing foreign matter of the kind enumerated above must be cared for by the owners at their expense.

No person shall go about, in, or through the streets, squares, or highways of the city collecting or removing swill, offal, butchers' waste, soap grease, rough tallow, or slaughterhouse refuse unless duly authorized by the board of health.

All such refuse collected and carried through the streets, squares, and all highways as before provided shall be put and carried in a close-covered vehicle, box, or other